

Making the Korean and Japanese web **beautiful & fast** 한국어 웹을 아름답고 빠르게 高速で美しい日本語のウェブを



What is "Google Fonts"?

- Free, open-source, font collection
- Free, public, content delivery
- We want to serve all Google users



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What does Google Fonts DO?

- Maintain & publish collection
- Web API for our collection
- Android API for our collection
- Helps maintain tools and supporting technologies



No CJK Support :(

- Blocked due to latency for a long time
- We had Early Access (beta) support



Google Fonts	DIRECTO	DRY FEATURED ARTICLES ABOUT 🔆 >	Q Search
Viewing 25 of 888 font families			Categories
Noto Serif KR	Gamja Flower 🕕	Nanum Gothic	Sans Serif
ooogie (7 styles)	Sentence Regular 400 40px -	Sandon (Satylea)	Display
세 시간 전 항구에서	첫 번째 별똥별의 밤。)	알아차리기도 전에	Handwriting
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		8 japanese font families are now		□ — •—
		available on f	onts.google.com	



Google Docs ftw

Japanese and Korean fonts available in Google Docs!

정말 좋은 날이다 Nanum Myeongjo 初空 空 生的다 Nanum Pen Script 정말 좋은 날이다 Black Han Sans いい日ですね M PLUS 1p いい日ですね Sawarabi Mincho

一二三四 五六七八 九十百千 上下左右 中大小月 日年早木 林山川土 空田天生 花草虫犬 人名女男 子目耳口 手足見音 力気円入 出立休先 タ本文字 学校村町 森正水火 玉王石竹 糸貝車金 雨赤青白 数多少万 半形太細 広長点丸

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What took so long?

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- High cost per character
- Lots of characters
- We want a CSS solution
- Browser features

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Expensive to transfer (147 pts)



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- Many US sites fit Basic Latin
- Going to Europe? Extended Latin





Basic Latin Basic Greek Extended Greek

0

- Off we go to Greece, still fine
- Generally ≤ 1,000 characters



200

Codepoints

100

- On to Seoul
- latin ≤ 1,000 characters
- korean > 10,000 characters





- Tokyo
- Even more complex characters
- > 10,000 characters





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We want a CSS solution

CSS only, no API changes

- API aims for simplicity and ease of use
- Should work like any other font
- Allows us to deploy ongoing optimizations transparently



We want a CSS solution: subsetting

- 71% of web pages on httparchive.org use fonts
 - Trend toward more and larger fonts
 - https://httparchive.org/reports/page-weight
- Most pages use a small set of characters
- Cut fonts into pieces, let user pick
- Doesn't work for CJK
- Subsets are prohibitively large



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Browser features: WOFF2

- Rewrite parts of the font to be smaller
- Compress with Brotli
- 25–30% smaller than Zip

Nanum Gothic. ttf , 4.2MB	
Nanum Gothic. zip , 2.3MB	
Nanum Gothic. woff2 , 1.7MB	

Browser features: WOFF2

• It's good ... but not good enough for CJK

← Roboto Basic Latin.**woff2**, 0.02 MB

Nanum Gothic.ttf, 4.2MB

Nanum Gothic.zip, 2.3MB

Nanum Gothic.woff2, 1.7MB

http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Merriweather

```
/* cyrillic */
```

@font-face

```
font-family: 'Merriweather';
```

```
src: url(http://fonts.gstatic.com/s/merriweather/cyrillic.woff2);
unicode-range: U+0400-045F;
```

```
/* latin */
@font-face
   font-family: 'Merriweather';
   src: url(http://fonts.gstatic.com/s/merriweather/latin.woff2);
   unicode-range: U+0000-00FF;
```

http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Merriweather

/* cyrillic */
@font-face
font-family: 'Merriweather';
Download this _______ src: url(http://fonts.gstatic.com/s/merriweather/cyrillic.woff2);
unicode-range: U+0400-045F;

```
/* latin */
@font-face
   font-family: 'Merriweather';
   src: url(http://fonts.gstatic.com/s/merriweather/latin.woff2);
   unicode-range: U+0000-00FF;
```

http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Merriweather



/* latin */
@font-face
 font-family: 'Merriweather';
 src: url(http://fonts.gstatic.com/s/merriweather/latin.woff2);
 unicode-range: U+0000-00FF;

http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Merriweather



Google

Browser features: WOFF2 + unicode-range



Google https://developers.googleblog.com/2015/02/smaller-fonts-with-woff-20-and-unicode.html

Browser features: cross-site caching

- Key benefit of centrally hosted fonts
- Less downloads as a font gets used more
- Our stats suggest this is very effective



Browser features: HTTP/2

- HTTP/1.1 queues aggressively

 < 10 fragments should be actively used
- HTTP/2 is more concurrency-enthused
 0's of fragments can be actively used

Browser features: Critical Mass

{Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge}

- unicode-range
- WOFF2
- HTTP/2

How do we ship Korean?

- 1. Cut the fonts into lots of pieces
- 2. Tell the browser about the pieces via unicode-range

Great! How exactly do you want those fonts segmented?



Korean in use: extremely skewed toward popular characters

Page	Total characters	Unique Characters
News site	> 50K	729
YouTube video + comments	1,848	394
Combined	> 50K	734

The YouTube page added only 5 more unique characters.

We should gather this type of data for a large set of Korean web pages!

Google

Define problem space + data source

- Define "Korean"
 - Set of characters
 - 17.4k total
- Look at usage
 - \circ $\,$ Google indexes the web
 - Examine a set of Korean samples

갎갏 · 가가가 것 ᆴ ᆵ 24 ΞH 갗갘같갚 갢 ΖH フH 20 갮갯갰 **JH** < [5] 걏걏걐 흫걔 **2F** 2π 걟걠 걡 フォフォ フド フォフォ 78 フド フド н 21 22 걹 걶 2U ΈH Ξi "PF ΈΠ HX 겗겘겙 겑겒겓 겊겋. 20 27 겧 거 겾겿곀 겯 コ 月 거 フロ 계 占 곏곐곑곒 곔곕 곗 곘 계 계 겨 25 2H 2Y 5E 22 1 = 77 20 211 HX \bigcirc 과과과 フトフトフト フトフトフトフト 고노 고노 고노 2H 72 2F 2T 25 20) 괗 Π 20 28

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人从のスえ

Examine data

- Find the set of characters used on each sample page
 - Ignore multiple uses on same page
- Count # of pages using each character

Charact	ter #Pages	Des	scriptio	on	
0xB2E4	92	다	HANGUL	SYLLABLE	DA
0xC758	0	의	HANGUL	SYLLABLE	ΥI
0xB300	4012	대	HANGUL	SYLLABLE	DAE
17k	more				
Frequency of Korean characters

Examined millions of Korean web pages



Great! How **exactly** do you want those fonts segmented?





Ways to segment

Do Nothing

- Ship the whole font in a single segment
- Provides baseline for comparison

One giant font file



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Ways to segment

Equal Bins

- Sort by codepoint
- Divide into 100 equal size groups



Sort by codepoint

 A
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 P
 Q
 R
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 U
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Ways to segment

Frequency

- Sort by usage frequency
- Make 100 equal size groups





Ways to segment

Hybrid sort

- Take two big blocks based on frequency
- Sort the rest by codepoint, make equal size groups





Ways to segment

Learned Sort

- Take two big blocks based on frequency
- Organize the rest using a topic model and a genetic algorithm



How do we compare segmentation strategies?

- Fewer bytes transferred is better
- Fewer fonts used is better

These two goals can be at odds with each other



Number of segments



Number of segments



Number of segments

Test to find the best strategy

- Simulations and cost functions are fun
- Live testing is better
 - What if your cost function is wrong?
- We have N strategies we think might work
 - Send Y% of production traffic to each one
 - Let it run for a while
 - Measure and compare!
- Save >= 60% of bytes vs baseline to win



Results: Hybrid Sort is the winner

Saved from both font data and CSS (higher is better)



What we learned

Sometimes simpler is better

• Outperformed more complex strategies.

A few big segments + many smaller segments works surprisingly well

• Provides a good tradeoff between bytes transferred and number of font requests.

At this point we shipped Korean, much rejoicing :)

Korean adoption



Korean usage

From fonts.google.com:



Number of times Google Fonts API served Nanum Gothic over the last week. Nanum Gothic is featured in more than 20,000 websites.



Round 2, fight!

Hybrid Sort is king of the hill
 we can do better



How many high-frequency codepoints?

Is 3000 too many? Too few?

Consider

More high-frequency subsets (HTTP/1 vs HTTP/2) Changing the boundary between high- and low-frequency codepoints

Keep

Low-frequency characters ordered by codepoint ... smaller CSS

Next batch of experiments

Adjust the high-frequency boundary: 1000, 2000

More aggressively subset high-frequency codepoints 10 and 20 subsets, rather than 2

Reminder: the baseline is Hybrid Sort

Spoiler alert: improved by 29 - 38% more ... nice!



High frequency line at 3,000

Experiments: 10 and 20 subsets



Conclusion: more high-frequency subsets performed better

High frequency line at 1,000

Experiments: 10 and 20 subsets



Conclusion: more high-frequency subsets performed better



High frequency line at 2,000

Experiments: 10 and 20 subsets



Conclusion: more high-frequency subsets performed better

Overall results



Conclusions for Korean fonts

Combining rounds 1 and 2, we're saving ~93%

20 subsets always out-performed 10 subsets (regardless of the high-frequency line)

High-frequency line at 2000 performed best for both 10 and 20 subsets The best line appears to be somewhere between 1000 and 2000

On to Japanese

Examined the character frequency

Ran similar tests

Reduced the bytes transferred by ~83% Compared to sending the whole font



Frequency of Japanese characters on the web



Japanese and Korean frequencies



Conclusions for Japanese fonts

We shipped Japanese!

Japanese characters are more complex than Korean

Japanese has more high-frequency characters

A high-frequency line of 3000 narrowly outperformed 2000

Room for improvement

Improve the preferred high-frequency line¹

Refine the # of high-frequency subsets

Equal-sized high-frequency subsets may not be the best¹

¹ Running these experiments right now

Room for improvement

Support Chinese, both simplified and traditional

使中文网络美丽而快速 使中文網絡美麗而快速

Trouble in paradise

Server: Hey buddy, here's my best guess at how I should cut up this font:

A B C D E F <mark>G H I J K L M</mark> N O P Q R S T U V W <mark>X Y Z</mark>

Browser: I need to render "Awesome" so I'll take these pieces:



Problems

- Layout features don't work across segments
 - AW won't kern
 - Indic, Arabic, and others rely heavily on layout
- We still downloaded a lot of stuff we didn't use

A) unicode-range

- Cut font up, tell browser about pieces
- This is what we do today
- WAY better than whole font, but far from optimal
- User often "pays" for unused codepoints

B) WOFF2 Deltas

- Each time user needs more codepoints, send a woff2 of the delta
- Layout will break horribly and unpredictably
- Not useful, but interesting for size comparison

- C) Incremental Transfer
 - Each time user needs more codepoints, send a patch
 - Layout will just work
 - User doesn't "pay" for unused codepoints
 - Currently only achievable with Javascript

- D) Send woff2 of exactly what user will need
 - Requires a priori knowledge of content user will view
 - i) Currently impossible
 - Compute this as "optimal" when comparing other solutions

Trouble in paradise

Imagine we want to render "Awesome" in Montserrat

A) What Google Fonts would send today, \sum size 13.6 KB:

[13.6 KB latin]

B) woff2 of each segment, \sum segments 3.2 KB:

[3.2 KB woff2]

C) Incremental Transfer. Σ patches 3.2 KB:

[3.2 KB patch]

D) Optimal, woff2 of the exact subset:

[3.2 KB woff2]
Trouble in paradise

Next we browse to a page that uses Vietnamese

A) What Google Fonts would send today, \sum size 34.5 KB:		
[13.6 KB latin]	[14.9 KB latin-ext]	[6.0 KB vietnamese]
B) woff2 of each segment, ∑ segments 8.9 KB: [3.2 KB w [5.6 KB woff2]		
C) Incremental Transfer.∑patches 6.6 KB: [3.2 KB pa [3.4 KB pat		
D) Optimal, woff2 of the exact subset: [5.9 KB woff2]		

Incremental Transfer: HTTP interaction

- HTTP is fine, no new protocol required :)
- Request
 - I have {current codepoints}
 - I need {desired codepoints}
- Response
 - binary patch to desired state
 - If {current codepoints} empty, a WOFF2 of desired state
- One cache key, update when you get a patch

Google

Incremental Transfer: Subsetting

- Request
 - I have {current codepoints}
 - I need {desired codepoints}
- To compute patch

current = subset (current codepoints)
desired = subset (desired codepoints)
patch = binary patch (current, desired)

- What luck! We are building a fast subsetter :)
 - Faster Horse, <u>https://github.com/harfbuzz/harfbuzz</u>

Google

Page 1 "Meows"







Desired State

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Let's standardize Incremental Transfer!

The Brotli library used by WOFF2 can handle patching

The hb-subset library can be used to do very fast subsetting Subset <current codeponts> → current Subset <desired codepoints> → desired Compress desired using Brotli Shared Dictionary, dictionary = current

Proof of concept: <u>tinyurl.com/incxfer-demo</u>

The WebFonts Working Group is considering writing a standard :)

The End. Questions?

Speaker Evaluation www.unicodeconference.org/eval-sp

References fonts.google.com (choose Japanese or Korean from Languages)

tinyurl.com/incxfer-demo

Google