

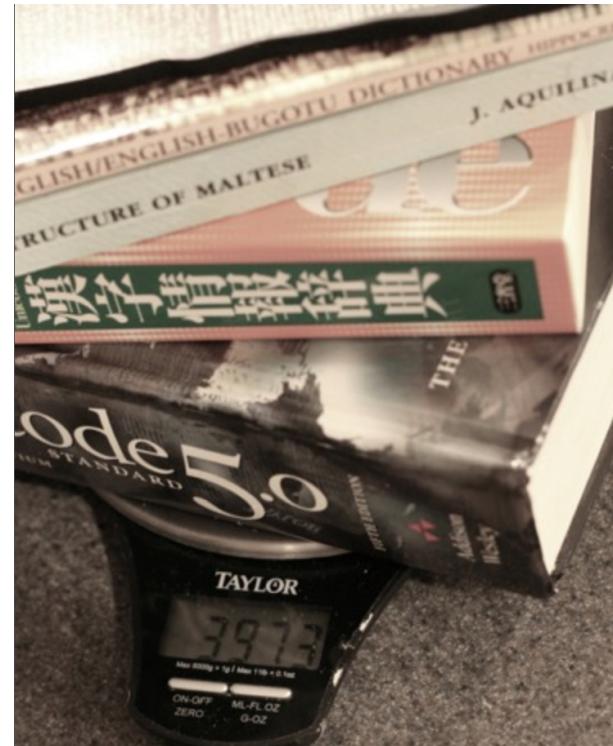
Put ICU to Work!

Steven R. Loomis, IBM

Shane Carr, Google

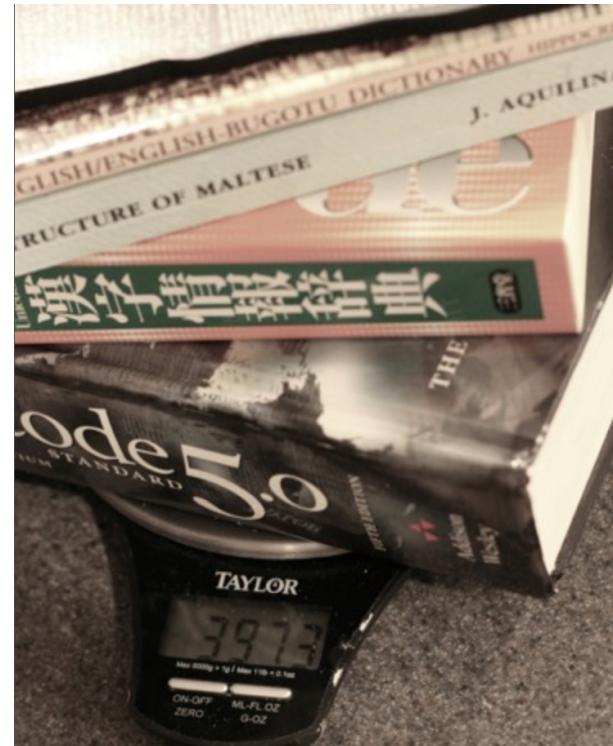
Can't I just “use Unicode” and be done?

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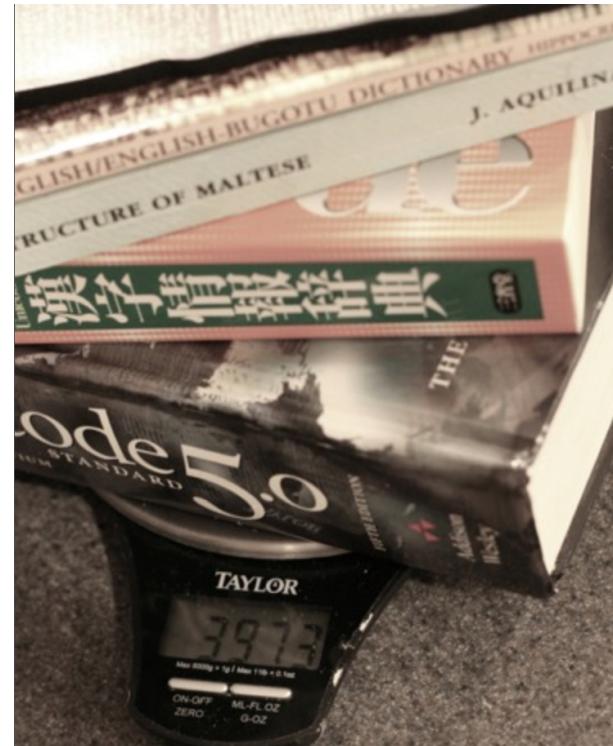
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- 1,400 pages



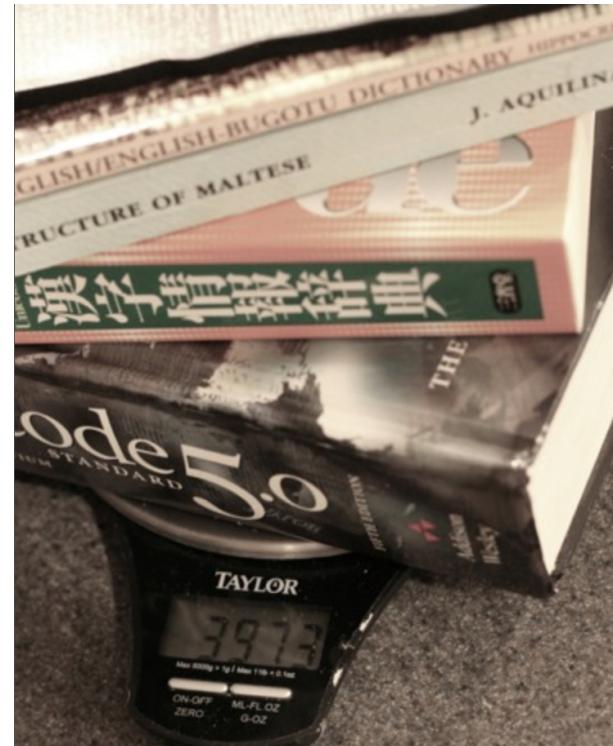
Can't I just “use Unicode” and be done?

- 1,400 pages + Annexes



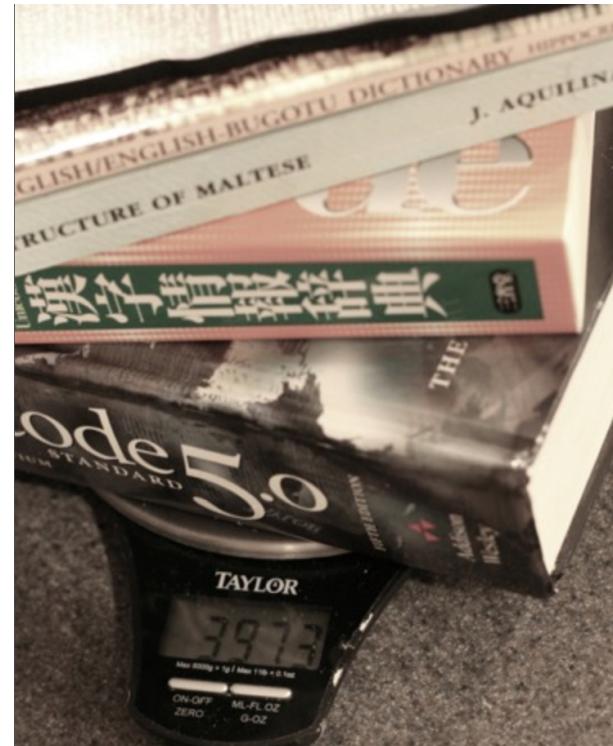
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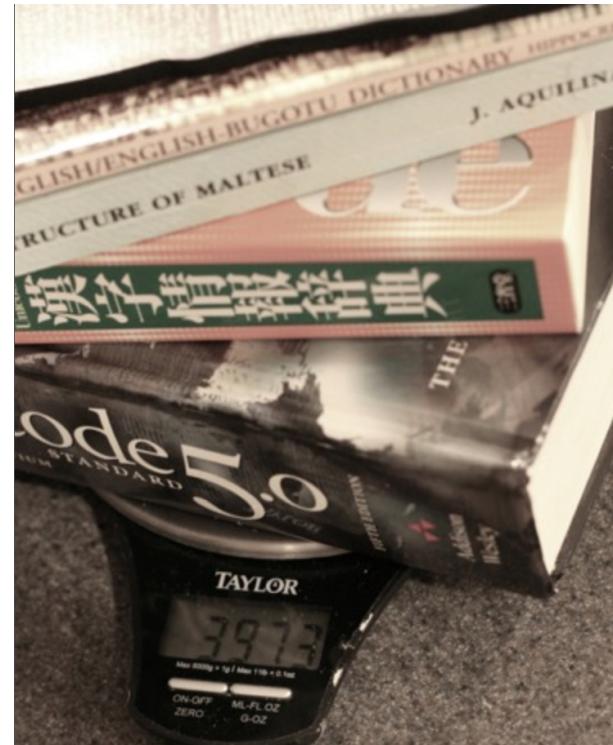
Can't I just “use Unicode” and be done?

- 1,400 pages + Annexes + additional standards
- More than 137,000 characters



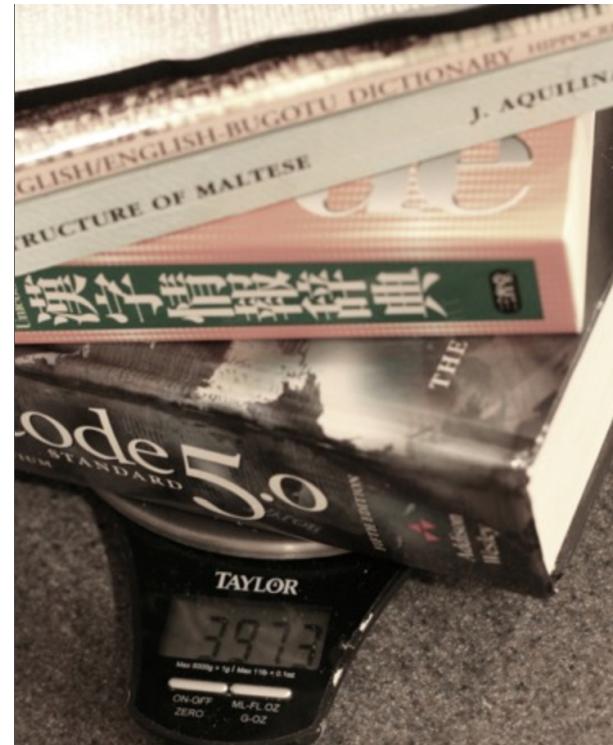
Can't I just “use Unicode” and be done?

- 1,400 pages + Annexes + additional standards
- More than 137,000 characters
- Significant update about once a year



Can't I just “use Unicode” and be done?

- 1,400 pages + Annexes + additional standards
- More than 137,000 characters
- Significant update about once a year
- 80+ character properties, many multi-valued



Unicode covers the world



- “*Unicode provides a unique number for every character, no matter what the platform, no matter what the program, no matter what the language.*”
unicode.org

Unicode covers the world



- “*Unicode provides a unique number for every character, no matter what the platform, no matter what the program, no matter what the language.*”
(unicode.org)

ICU brings you home



- Requirements vary widely across languages & countries
- Sorting
- Text searching
- Bidirectional text processing and complex text layout
- Date/time/number/currency formatting
- Codepage conversion
- ...many more

I See Unicode

- 1999: *IBM Classes for Unicode* open-sourced as the *International Components for Unicode*
- 2016: ICU joins Unicode as ICU-TC
- 2018: Development now on GitHub and Jira

ICU's Laundry List

- Breaks: word, line, ...
- Formatting
 - Date & time
 - Durations
 - Messages
 - Numbers & currencies
 - Plurals
- Transforms
 - Normalization
 - Casing
- Transliterations
- Unicode text handling
- Charset conversions (200+)
- Charset detection
- Collation & Searching
- Locales from CLDR (640+)
- Resource Bundles
- Calendar & Time zones
- Unicode Regular Expressions ...

Benefits of ICU

- Mature, widely used (all IBM brands and operating systems), up-to-date set of C/C++ and Java libraries
 - Basis for Java 1.1 internationalization, but goes far beyond Java 1.1
 - Team continues to work on improving and monitoring performance.
- Very portable – identical results on all platforms/programming languages
 - C/C++ (ICU4C): many platforms/compilers
 - Java (ICU4J): Oracle Java SE, IBM JRE, OpenJDK, Android
 - Wrappers: D/C#/PHP/Python/...
- Customizable & Modular
 - Open source (since 1999) – but non-restrictive
 - Contributions from many parties (IBM, Google, Apple, Microsoft, ...)
- Sponsored by Unicode

Where do I get ICU?

Main site: <http://icu-project.org/>

- Downloads, API references, Mailing list, Bug tracking
- Userguide: <http://userguide.icu-project.org>
 - User's guide with examples

Prepackaged ICU

Package Managers (C)

- `brew install icu4c`
- `apt-get install libicu-dev`
- `dnf install libicu-devel`

Maven and friends: (J)

- Group: *com.ibm.icu*
- artifactId: *icu4j*

ICU Userguide

The screenshot shows the 'Formatting and Parsing' section of the ICU User Guide. On the left, there's a sidebar with links like 'ICU Home Page', 'API', 'Introduction', 'Internationalization', etc. A yellow arrow points from the sidebar towards the code example in the main content area.

Formatting and Parsing

Overview

Formatters translate textual representations of numbers into strings that display the computed value. They can also display the number as a string, or they can only display the numerical part of the string. For example, if you want to display a number with three text characters after the decimal point, you would use a formatter that contains text that specifies the desired output. A formatter can also convert a string representation of a number into its internal value. A formatter can also convert a string representation of a number into its internal value.

Usage

RuleBasedNumberFormat can be used like other NumberFormats. For example, in Java:

```
double num = 2718.28;
NumberFormat formatter =
    new RuleBasedNumberFormat(RuleBasedNumberFormat.SPELLOUT);
String result = formatter.format(num);
System.out.println(result);

// output (in en_US locale):
// two thousand seven hundred and eighteen point two eight
```

API Docs

RuleBasedNumberFormat

```
public RuleBasedNumberFormat (String description,  
                           String[][] localizations)
```

Creates a RuleBasedNumberFormat that behaves according to the description passed in. The formatter uses the first String element in the localizations array for different locales. The first String element in this array is the default locale.

The localizations array contains one or more locale names, in the same order as the rules array. The first String element in the localizations array is the default locale. The first String element in the rules array is the default rules object.

Parameters:

rules	A description of the formatter's desired behavior. See the class documentation for a complete explanation of the syntax.
perror	The parse error if an error was encountered.
status	The status indicating whether the constructor succeeded.

Stable:

ICU 3.2

```
RuleBasedNumberFormat::RuleBasedNumberFormat ( const UnicodeString & rules,  
                                              UParseError & perror,  
                                              UErrorCode & status  
                                              )
```

Creates a RuleBasedNumberFormat that behaves according to the description passed in.

The formatter uses the default locale.

Parameters:

rules	A description of the formatter's desired behavior. See the class documentation for a complete explanation of the syntax.
perror	The parse error if an error was encountered.
status	The status indicating whether the constructor succeeded.

API Change Report

- [Removed from ICU 59](#)
- [Deprecated or Obsoleted in ICU 60](#)
- [Changed in ICU 60](#)
- [Promoted to stable in ICU 60](#)
- [Added in ICU 60](#)
- [Other existing drafts in ICU 60](#)
- [Signature Simplifications](#) (new)

Added in ICU 60

File	
bytestream.h	icu::StringByteSink< StringClass >::StringBy
casemap.h	static void icu::CaseMap::utf8Fold(uint32_t
casemap.h	static void icu::CaseMap::utf8ToLower(const
casemap.h	static void icu::CaseMap::utf8ToTitle(const
casemap.h	static void icu::CaseMap::utf8ToUpper(const
currunit.h	icu::CurrencyUnit::CurrencyUnit()
currunit.h	icu::CurrencyUnit::CurrencyUnit(const MeasureUn

Removed from ICU4J 59.1

(no API removed)

Deprecated or Obsoleted in ICU4J 60.1

Package com.ibm.icu.util

Calendar

- (deprecated) protected int *computeMillisInDay()*
- (deprecated) protected int *computeZoneOffset(long, int)*

Package com.ibm.icu.lang

UProperty

- (stable) public static final int EMOJI
- (stable) public static final int EMOJI_MODIFIER
- (stable) public static final int EMOJI_MODIFIER_BASE
- (stable) public static final int EMOJI_PRESENTATION

Package com.ibm.icu.text

- (stable) public class *BidiTransform*
- (stable) public static enum *BidiTransform.Mirroring*
- (stable) public static enum *BidiTransform.Order*
 - BidiTransform.Mirroring
 - (stable) public static final BidiTransform.Mirroring OFF
 - (stable) public static final BidiTransform.Mirroring ON

Mailing Lists

<http://site.icu-project.org/contacts>

- `icu-support` – technical support and discussion
- `icu-design` – API proposals by ICU team
- `icu-announce` –announcements

Issues (Jira)

Create issue

Project * (circled)

Issue Type * Bug (or enhancement.) (circled)

Some issue types are unavailable due to incompatible field configuration and/or workflow associations.

Component/s (circled) (please choose at least one)
Start typing to get a list of possible matches or press down to select.

Summary * (circled)

Description

```
Steps To Reproduce
# I did this
# Then I did this
# Then it broke

{code:c}
u_printf_u(u"Some sample source code!"); // But not patches, that's what PRs are for.
{code}
```

Labels

Begin typing to find and create labels or press down to select a suggested label.

Create another (circled)

Contributing

1. Open an issue in Jira
2. Fork the ICU repo
3. Write and test your code
4. Commit your change to your fork
5. Open a new Pull Request
6. Sign the CLA when prompted CLAs signed 96

Contributing

1. Open an issue in Jira
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7. Bask in your newfound fame and fortune!

And now, code

Task at Hand

- *Display a list of world regions, with their population figures*

Task at Hand

- *Display a list of world regions, with their population figures*

Example

- 150,000: Ceuta and Melilla
- 38,087,800: Algeria
- 15,439,400: Ecuador

ICU4C First Look

```
#include <unicode/...>

void func() {
    UErrorCode status = U_ZERO_ERROR;
    u_init(&status);
    if ( U_SUCCESS(status) ) { /* ... */ }
}
```

ICU4C First Look

```
#include <unicode/>

void func() {
    UErrorCode status = U_ZERO_ERROR;
    u_init(&status);
    if ( U_SUCCESS(status) ) { /* ... */ }
}
```

#include <unicode/>

- All ICU headers are in the `unicode/` subdirectory

ICU4C First Look

```
#include <unicode/>

void func() {
    UErrorCode status = U_ZERO_ERROR;
    u_init(&status);
    if ( U_SUCCESS(status) ) { /* ... */ }
}
```

UErrorCode status = U_ZERO_ERROR;

- Error code is a fill-in, but must be initialized
- If in C++, icu::ErrorCode is available (example on next slide)

ICU4C First Look

```
#include <unicode/...>

void func() {
    UErrorCode status = U_ZERO_ERROR;
    u_init(&status);
    if ( U_SUCCESS(status) ) { /* ... */ }
}
```

u_init(&status);

- Returns successful status if ICU data loaded OK

ICU4C First Look

```
#include <unicode/>

void func() {
    UErrorCode status = U_ZERO_ERROR;
    u_init(&status);
    if ( U_SUCCESS(status) ) { /* ... */ }
}
```

if (U_SUCCESS(status))

- TRUE if there was no error

Error codes in C++

No need to initialize! Less prone to error:

```
#include <unicode/...>

int main() {
    icu::ErrorCode status;
    u_init(status);
    if (status.isFailure()) {
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

ASSERT_OK()

C++ version:

```
#define ASSERT_OK(status) \  
    if(status.isFailure()) { \  
        puts(status.errorName()); \  
        return 1; \  
    }
```

Plain C version:

```
#define ASSERT_OK(status) \  
    if(U_FAILURE(status)) { \  
        puts(u_errorName(status)); \  
        return 1; \  
    }
```

ASSERT_OK()

C++ version:

```
#define ASSERT_OK(status) \  
    if(status.isFailure()) { \  
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        return 1; \  
    }
```

Plain C version:

```
#define ASSERT_OK(status) \  
    if(U_FAILURE(status)) { \  
        puts(u_errorName(status)); \  
        return 1; \  
    }
```

- always check for failure

ASSERT_OK()

C++ version:

```
#define ASSERT_OK(status) \  
    if(status.isFailure()) { \  
        puts(status.errorName()); \  
        return 1; \  
    }
```

Plain C version:

```
#define ASSERT_OK(status) \  
    if(U_FAILURE(status)) { \  
        puts(u_errorName(status)); \  
        return 1; \  
    }
```

- always check for failure
- (We will use this macro to keep test code more compact)

s09_test.c

```
#include <unicode/ustdio.h>

int main(int argc, const char *argv[]) {
    u_printf_u(u"This is ICU %s! 😺\n", U_ICU_VERSION);
    return 0;
}
```

s09_test.c

```
#include <unicode/ustdio.h>

int main(int argc, const char *argv[]) {
    u_printf_u(u"This is ICU %s! 😺\n", U_ICU_VERSION);
    return 0;
}
```

This is ICU 62.1! 😺

s09_test.c

```
#include <unicode/ustdio.h>

int main(int argc, const char *argv[]) {
    u_printf_u(u"This is ICU %s! 😺\n", U_ICU_VERSION);
    return 0;
}
```

This is ICU 62.1! 😺

- *but, let's actually build this*

Building s09_test.c

```
$ brew install icu4c pkg-config
```

Building s09_test.c

```
$ brew install icu4c pkg-config
```

```
$ git clone https://github.com/unicode-org/icu-demos.git -b iuc42
```

Building s09_test.c

```
$ brew install icu4c pkg-config
```

```
$ git clone https://github.com/unicode-org/icu-demos.git -b iuc42
```

```
$ cd iucsamples/c/s09_test
$ make check
This is ICU 62.1! 😊
everything is OK 🎉
```

Building s09_test.c

```
$ brew install icu4c pkg-config
```

```
$ git clone https://github.com/unicode-org/icu-demos.git -b iuc42
```

```
$ cd iucsamples/c/s09_test
$ make check
This is ICU 62.1! 😊
everything is OK 🎉
```

under the hood:

- paths detected via pkg-config

```
c++ -std=c++11 -I/usr/local/Cellar/icu4c/62.1/include \
-L/usr/local/Cellar/icu4c/62.1/lib -licuio -licui18n -licuuc \
-licudata s09_test.c -o s09_test
```

s13a_hello.cpp

```
#include <unicode/errorcode.h>
#include <unicode/locid.h>
#include <unicode/ustdio.h>
#include <unicode/ustream.h>
#include <iostream>

int main() {
    icu::ErrorCode status;
    icu::Locale locale("und_001");
    icu::UnicodeString world;
    locale.getDisplayCountry(world);
    ASSERT_OK(status);

    std::cout << "Hello, " << world << "!" << std::endl;
    return 0;
}
```

s13a_hello.cpp

```
#include <unicode/errorcode.h>
#include <unicode/locid.h>
#include <unicode/ustdio.h>
#include <unicode/ustream.h>
#include <iostream>

int main() {
    icu::ErrorCode status;
    icu::Locale locale("und_001");
    icu::UnicodeString world;
    locale.getDisplayCountry(world);
    ASSERT_OK(status);

    std::cout << "Hello, " << world << "!" << std::endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Hello, World

```
$ LC_ALL=es ./s13a_hello
```

Hello, Mundo

icuhelloworld.cpp

```
$ LC_ALL=mt ./s13a_hello
```

Hello, Ninja

```
$ LC_ALL=zh ./s13a_hello
```

Hello, 世界





string concatenation!!!



No String Concatenation

- Order is different for different languages, can't just concatenate strings.

No String Concatenation 😱

- Order is different for different languages, can't just concatenate strings.

My **Aunt's pen** is on the table.

No String Concatenation



- Order is different for different languages, can't just concatenate strings.

My **Aunt's pen** is on the table.

```
whom + "'s " + what + " is on the " + where
```

No String Concatenation



- Order is different for different languages, can't just concatenate strings.

My **Aunt's pen** is on the table.

```
whom + "'s " + what + " is on the " + where
```

La **pluma** de **mi tía** está en la tabla.

Pattern Syntax

Pattern Syntax

en: {whom}'s {what} is on the {where}.

Pattern Syntax

en: {whom}'s {what} is on the {where}.

es: {what} de {whom} está en la {where}.

Pattern Syntax

en: {whom}'s {what} is on the {where}.

es: {what} de {whom} está en la {where}.

Or, avoid sentences entirely

“Location: table, Object: pen, Owner: Aunt”

hellomsg.cpp

```
const int kArgCount = 1;
Formattable arguments[kArgCount] = { world };
UnicodeString argnames[kArgCount] = {"world"};
FieldPosition fpos = 0;
```

hellomsg.cpp

```
const int kArgCount = 1;
Formattable arguments[kArgCount] = { world };
UnicodeString argnames[kArgCount] = {"world"};
FieldPosition fpos = 0;
```

```
MessageFormat msg_en("Hello, {world}",
    Locale("en"), status);
UnicodeString result_en;
msg_en.format(argnames, arguments, kArgCount, result_en, status);
ASSERT_OK(status);
std::cout << "en: " << result_en << std::endl;
```

en: Hello, World

hellomsg.cpp

```
const int kArgCount = 1;
Formattable arguments[kArgCount] = { world };
UnicodeString argnames[kArgCount] = {"world"};
FieldPosition fpos = 0;
```

```
MessageFormat msg_es("¡Hola, {world}!",
    Locale("es"), status);
UnicodeString result_es;
msg_es.format(argnames, arguments, kArgCount, result_es, status);
ASSERT_OK(status);
std::cout << "es: " << result_es << std::endl;
```

es: ¡Hola, Mundo!

Java

Java(ICU4J)

ICU4J : Hello, Maven

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.ibm.icu</groupId>
    <artifactId>icu4j</artifactId>
    <version>62.1</version>
</dependency>
```

Hello.java

```
Locale locale = Locale.getDefault();
String world = LocaleDisplayNames
    .getInstance(ULocale.forLocale(locale))
    .regionDisplayName("001");
System.out.println("Hello, " + world + "\u2603");
```

Hello, World

Hello.java (español)

```
Locale locale = Locale.forLanguageTag("es");
String world = LocaleDisplayNames
    .getInstance(ULocale.forLocale(locale))
    .regionDisplayName("001");
System.out.println("Hello, " + world + "\u2603");
```

Hello, Mundo

Hello.java (español)

```
Locale locale = Locale.forLanguageTag("es");
String world = LocaleDisplayNames
    .getInstance(ULocale.forLocale(locale))
    .regionDisplayName("001");
System.out.println("Hello, " + world + "\u2603");
```

Hello, Mundo

- use `java.util.Locale`

Hello.java (español)

```
Locale locale = Locale.forLanguageTag("es");
String world = LocaleDisplayNames
    .getInstance(ULocale.forLocale(locale))
    .regionDisplayName("001");
System.out.println("Hello, " + world + "\u2603");
```

Hello, Mundo

- use `java.util.Locale`
- ...except for some ICU4J APIs that still use ICU's `ULocale`

BadMessage.properties

```
population=The territory of {territory} has {population} persons.
```

BadMessage.java

```
final Locale locale = Locale.getDefault();
ResourceBundle rb = ResourceBundle.getBundle(BadMessage.class.getName());
String popmsg = rb.getString("population");
System.out.println("Message: " + popmsg);

for(final PopulationData.TerritoryEntry entry :
    PopulationData.getTerritoryEntries(locale)) {
    MessageFormat m = new MessageFormat(popmsg, locale);
    Map msgArgs = new HashMap<String, Object>();
    msgArgs.put("territory", entry.territoryName());
    msgArgs.put("population", entry.population());
    System.out.println(m.format(msgArgs));
}
```

BadMessage.java

```
final Locale locale = Locale.getDefault();
ResourceBundle rb = ResourceBundle.getBundle(BadMessage.class.getName());
String popmsg = rb.getString("population");
System.out.println("Message: " + popmsg);

for(final PopulationData.TerritoryEntry entry :
    PopulationData.getTerritoryEntries(locale)) {
    MessageFormat m = new MessageFormat(popmsg, locale);
    Map msgArgs = new HashMap<String, Object>();
    msgArgs.put("territory", entry.territoryName());
    msgArgs.put("population", entry.population());
    System.out.println(m.format(msgArgs));
}
```

Message: The territory of {territory} has {population} persons.
The territory of Afghanistan has 33,332,000 persons.
The territory of Albania has 3,038,590 persons.
The territory of Algeria has 40,263,700 persons.

- ok so far

BadMessage.java

```
final Locale locale = Locale.getDefault();
ResourceBundle rb = ResourceBundle.getBundle(BadMessage.class.getName());
String popmsg = rb.getString("population");
System.out.println("Message: " + popmsg);

for(final PopulationData.TerritoryEntry entry :
    PopulationData.getTerritoryEntries(locale)) {
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    Map msgArgs = new HashMap<String, Object>();
    msgArgs.put("territory", entry.territoryName());
    msgArgs.put("population", entry.population());
    System.out.println(m.format(msgArgs));
}
```

The territory of Bouvet Island has 1 persons.
The territory of Unknown Region has 0 persons.

- Not so OK!

BadMessage.java

```
final Locale locale = Locale.getDefault();
ResourceBundle rb = ResourceBundle.getBundle(BadMessage.class.getName());
String popmsg = rb.getString("population");
System.out.println("Message: " + popmsg);

for(final PopulationData.TerritoryEntry entry :
    PopulationData.getTerritoryEntries(locale)) {
    MessageFormat m = new MessageFormat(popmsg, locale);
    Map msgArgs = new HashMap<String, Object>();
    msgArgs.put("territory", entry.territoryName());
    msgArgs.put("population", entry.population());
    System.out.println(m.format(msgArgs));
}
```

The territory of Bouvet Island has 1 persons.
The territory of Unknown Region has 0 persons.

- Not so OK!



CLDR Plurals

CLDR Plurals

- English: 0 dogs, 1 dog, 2 dogs, 3 dogs, 4 dogs

CLDR Plurals

- English: 0 dogs, 1 dog, 2 dogs, 3 dogs, 4 dogs
- Welsh: 0 cŵn,

CLDR Plurals

- English: 0 dogs, 1 dog, 2 dogs, 3 dogs, 4 dogs
- Welsh: 0 cŵn, 1 ci,

CLDR Plurals

- English: 0 dogs, 1 dog, 2 dogs, 3 dogs, 4 dogs
- Welsh: 0 cŵn, 1 ci, 2 gi,

CLDR Plurals

- English: 0 dogs, 1 dog, 2 dogs, 3 dogs, 4 dogs
- Welsh: 0 cŵn, 1 ci, 2 gi, 3 ci,

CLDR Plurals

- English: 0 dogs, 1 dog, 2 dogs, 3 dogs, 4 dogs
- Welsh: 0 cŵn, 1 ci, 2 gi, 3 ci, 4 ci

CLDR Plurals

- English: 0 dogs, 1 dog, 2 dogs, 3 dogs, 4 dogs
- Welsh: 0 cŵn, 1 ci, 2 gi, 3 ci, 4 ci

CLDR Plurals

GoodMessage.properties

```
population={population, plural,  
    one{The territory of {territory} has # person}  
    other{The territory of {territory} has # persons}}
```

GoodMessage.properties

```
population={population, plural,  
    one{The territory of {territory} has # person}  
    other{The territory of {territory} has # persons}}
```

- no code change

GoodMessage.properties

```
population={population, plural,  
    one{The territory of {territory} has # person}  
    other{The territory of {territory} has # persons}}
```

- no code change

The territory of United States has 323,996,000 persons

The territory of Unknown Region has 0 persons

The territory of Uruguay has 3,351,020 persons

The territory of Botswana has 2,209,210 persons

The territory of Bouvet Island has 1 person

The territory of Brazil has 205,824,000 persons

Units and Currencies

```
The room measures
```

```
{0, plural, one{1 meter} other{# meters}}  
wide.
```

The room measures 0 meters wide.

The room measures 1 meter wide.

The room measures 0 meters wide.

But with ICU 62 message strings, ICU can handle measurement units without having to enumerate all the plural forms yourself!

Use the "number" type instead of "plural" type and pass a number skeleton:

```
The room measures
```

```
{0, number, ::measure-unit/length-meter unit-width-full-name}  
wide.
```

Also works for currencies.

Sample code: s88_units.cpp

Compact Notation

Luis Fonsi - Despacito ft. Daddy Yankee

5.4B views



29M



3.4M

Programmatically:

```
std::cout
    << icu::number::NumberFormatter::with()
        .notation(icu::number::Notation::compactShort())
        .locale("en-us")
        .formatDouble(quantity, status)
        .toString(status)
    << std::endl;
```

Via Message String:

```
{0, number, ::compact-short}
```

Sample code: s99_compact.cpp

Break Iteration

- Unicode standards + tailoring
- UAX#14 line breaking
- UAX#29 sentence, grapheme cluster, word

Break Iteration Sample

```
BreakIterator *wordIterator = BreakIterator::createWordInstance(locale, status);
breakIterator->setText(u"Hello World");
breakIterator->current(); // 0
breakIterator->next(); // 5
breakIterator->next(); // 6
breakIterator->next(); // 11
breakIterator->next(); // -1 == DONE
```

Sample: s23_brk_i.cpp

Collators (Text Sorting)

- binary comparison inadequate
- order varies by language (Danish ‘aa...’ follows ‘z...’)
- need multiple-level collation

Uses:

- comparing
- sorting
- searching

Options:

- case sensitive?
- ignore punctuation?
- UPPERCASE first?
- which variant collator?
- which locale?
- custom tailorings?
- time vs. memory tradeoff?

CollateMessage.java

```
Collator col = Collator.getInstance(locale);
for(final PopulationData.TerritoryEntry entry :
    PopulationData.getTerritoryEntries(locale,
        new TreeSet<>((o1, o2)
            -> col.compare(o1.territoryName(), o2.territoryName())))) {
    ...
}
```

CollateMessage.java

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    ...
}
```

- No Lambda function needed if `Set<String>`

Multilingual

Russian

The territory of Аландские о-ва has 26 200 persons in it.
The territory of Албания has 3 011 410 persons in it.

Japanese

アイスランドには、315,281人います。
アイルランドには、4,775,980人います。

Spanish

En la región de “Afganistán” hay 31.108.100 personas.
En la región de “Albania” hay 3.011.410 personas.
En la región de “Angola” hay 18.565.300 personas.

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More details:

- userguide.icu-project.org/design

API Stability in docs

icu::BreakIterator::BreakIterator (const BreakIterator & other)

Internal:

Do not use.

This API is for internal use only.

Definition at line 632 of file [brkiter.h](#).

src source smart pointer

Returns

*this

Draft:

This API may be changed in the future versions and was introduced in ICU 56

Definition at line 255 of file [localpointer.h](#).

Parameters

status The error code, set if a problem occurs while creating the set.

Stable:

ICU 51

Binary Stability

Source code compatible

- Consumer program should be compiled successfully without changes.
- Rare exceptions, documented in readme.

Serialization compatible (ICU4J)

- Newer ICU version should be able to deserialize object data serialized by older ICU version.
- (see docs for limited exceptions)

Packaging:

Packaging: “*It's too big*”

Packaging: “It’s too big”

- Customize data <http://userguide.icu-project.org/icudata>
- Repackage ICU4C Code <http://userguide.icu-project.org/packaging>

Example: `#define UCONFIG_NO_LEGACY_CONVERSION` (May not reduce data size)

- *2018 Bonus:* More/better tooling for data slicing is in development!
 - Subscribe to the *icu-design* mailing list for updates
 - Bug to follow: ICU-10923

Data Changes

Unicode 4.1

5.0

5.1

5.2

6.0

6.2

6.3

ICU 4.4

isLetter('ଅ') : false (undefined)

Polish Date Format: "08-04-2014"

中文字体支持的字符集

中文字体支持的字符集

ICU 53

isLetter('ଅ') : true

Polish Date Format: "8 kwi 2014"

CLDR 1.6

1.7

1.8

1.9

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

26

Data Stability

Unicode stability

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- character type, upper/lower case, normalization, text direction, sorting order...

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Locale data

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- Unicode is still growing.

Locale data

- cultural data can be updated based on community voting
- cultural format results are not suited for serializing data, application protocols and storage

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 - “Neutral” - ISO 8601 - “2017-04-08”

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- DO Think carefully about where Unicode properties are used.

ICU4J vs JDK (0/2)

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Example: `Locale` instead of ICU's `ULocale`

ICU4J vs JDK (1/2)

JDK class	ICU class	ICU Benefits	Suggestion
java.lang.Character	com.ibm.icu.lang.UCharacter	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Latest Unicode standardMore character properties support	JDK OK: ICU as-needed
java.math.BigDecimal	com.ibm.icu.math.BigDecimal	<ul style="list-style-type: none">For backward compatibility only	ICU not recommended in new code
java.text.Bidi	com.ibm.icu.text.Bidi	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Latest Unicode bidi algorithm (UAX#9)	JDK OK: ICU as-needed
java.text.BreakIterator	com.ibm.icu.text.BreakIterator	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Latest Unicode standard (UAX#29)Dictionary based word break (Thai, Lao, Chinese/Japanese)	JDK OK: ICU as-needed
java.text.Collator java.text.RuleBasedCollator	com.ibm.icu.text.Collator com.ibm.icu.text.RuleBasedCollator	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Unicode collation algorithm (UTS#10)Faster comparison	ICU recommended

ICU4J vs JDK (2/2)

JDK class	ICU class	ICU Benefits	Suggestion
java.text.DateFormat java.text.SimpleDateFormat	com.ibm.icu.text.DateFormat com.ibm.icu.text.SimpleDateFormat	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Abstract (skeleton) pattern (e.g. year-month only format)Patterns for additional calendar typesMore field format types (e.g. narrow weekday, standalone month)Capitalization controlSlower service object creation, format & parse than JDK	JDK OK, ICU as-needed
java.text.MessageFormat	com.ibm.icu.text.MessageFormat	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Plural formattingGender formatting (social applications)Named arguments (“{filename}” vs “{4}”)Auto apostrophe mode	JDK OK, ICU as-needed
java.text.NumberFormat java.text.DecimalFormat	com.ibm.icu.text.NumberFormat com.ibm.icu.text.DecimalFormat + RuleBasedNumberFormat	<ul style="list-style-type: none">More styles (e.g. scientific, currency spell out)Parse currencyAlgorithmic numbering systemsSlower service object creation, format & parse than JDK	JDK OK, ICU as-needed

Action for You: Join our mailing lists!

<http://site.icu-project.org/contacts>

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Sample Code: <http://bit.ly/iuc42-icu-samples>

Presenter: Steven Loomis

- Social: @srl295
- Web site: <https://git.io/srl295>
- Email: srloomis@us.ibm.com

Presenter: Shane Carr

- Social: @_sffc or @sffc
- Web site: <https://sffc.xyz>
- Email: sffc@google.com / shane@unicode.org

Have a nice day!